Unique Risks to Large-Format Lithium Batteries

Research and Development Forum
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Research on Large Format Lithium Batteries

<u>Purpose</u>

- Enhance risk reduction during transportation of cells and batteries.
- Investigate Manufacturer's Compliance
 Concerns so that Compliance can be ensured.
- IAA with Navy Surface Warfare Center



Current Expected Program Outcomes

- 1. Develop criteria and methods for conducting tests on large format battery designs.
- 2. Improve conditions to manage the hazard associated with the air transport of large format batteries.
- Develop a standardized method for conducting a forensic analysis on a failed lithium battery or lithium battery powered equipment.
- 4. Improve criteria and safety provisions specific to the transport of large format lithium batteries, including prototype lithium batteries.
- 5. Identify risks and determine effective, safe and practical methods of transporting pallet loads of batteries.



Applications of Large Lithium Batteries

- 1. Automotive Batteries
- 2. Commercial Aviation
- 3. Military Applications
- 4. Continuous Power Supply Systems



Ongoing Research Initiatives at NSWC

- Define objectives of research approach & time frame
- Tests of Large Format Cells and Batteries
- Appropriateness of weight limits on aircraft BMS, construction,
 State of Charge, Packaging
- Battery Forensic Analysis- New Lithium Battery; Failed Lithium Battery
- Develop standard criteria & safety provisions specific to prototype large format batteries.
- Examine alternate packaging methods, configurations, conditions to prevent thermal runaway and mitigate fires.
- Conduct a capability case study for fire forensics & casualties.
- Develop ways to mitigate Internal Short Circuiting (not funded at present)

Tests of Large Format Cells and Batteries

Goal: Generate test conditions indicative of transport or reasonable abuse conditions.

Achievements and products to date:

- Study revealed that the present shock test parameters may not be representative of abuse conditions during transportation.
- Experiments showed that the critical factors in the shock test is the weight of the battery, its height of drop and , the type of surface on which the battery is dropped.
- Study revealed that the most severe shocks occur during mishandling scenarios such as accidental drops.

Expected outcomes:

- Identify findings of a shock test on large format batteries.
- Identify the comparative risk at $50 g_n$ versus lower or higher acceleration.
- Identify additional actions for future investigation.



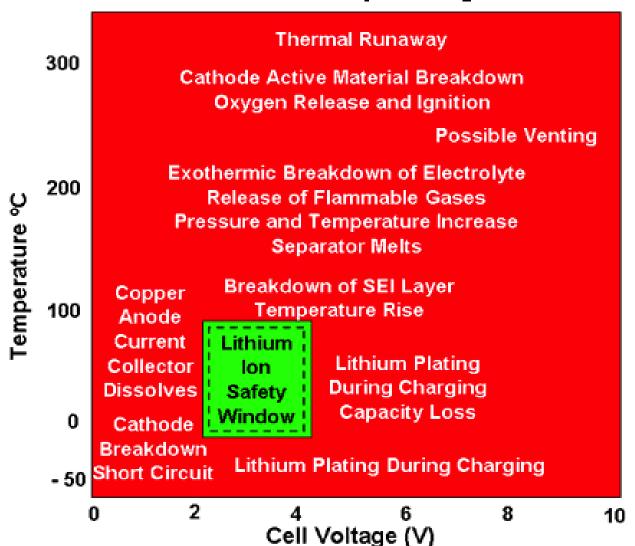
UN Manual of Tests and Criteria

- 1. Altitude Simulation
- 2. Thermal test
- 3. Vibration
- 4. Shock
- 5. External short circuit
- 6. Impact
- 7. Overcharge
- 8. Forced discharge

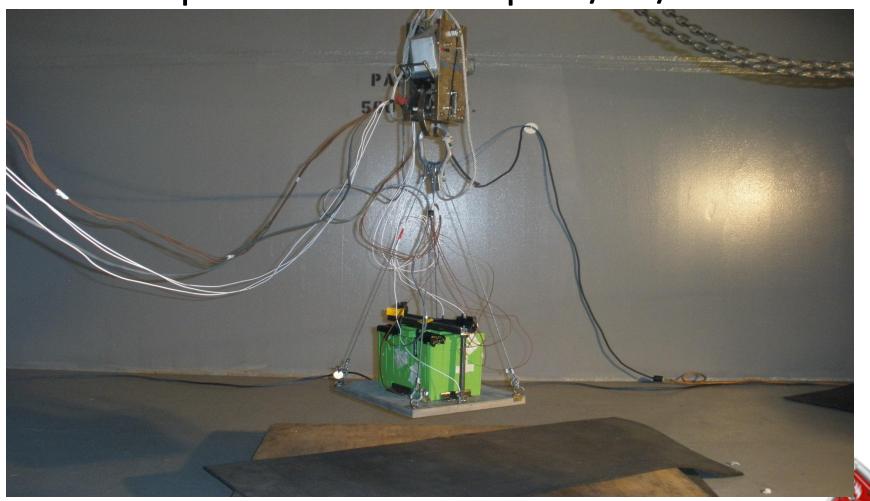
Passing criteria: No fire, no rupture, no disassembly, no venting, no leakage, no mass loss



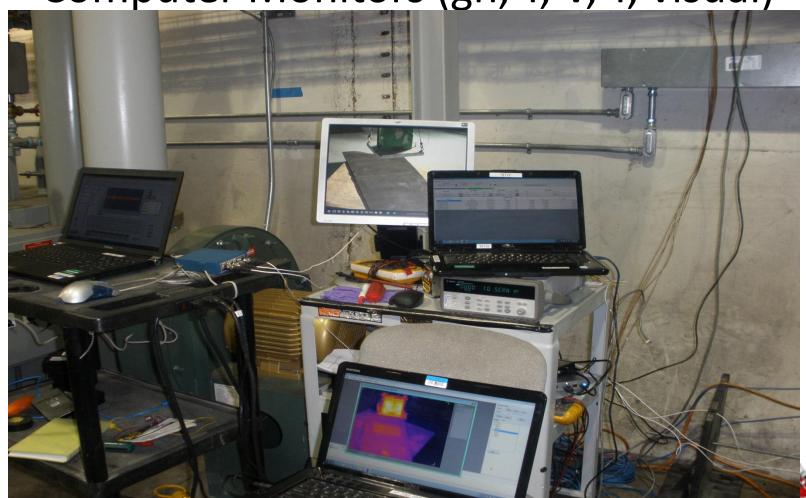
Lithium Ion Cell Operating Window



Experimental Set-up 12/20/2013



Computer Monitors (gn, T, V, T, visual)



Appropriateness of weight limits on aircraft – BMS, construction, State of Charge, Packaging

- Goal: Identify appropriate conditions to manage hazard exceeding 35 kg on aircraft.
- Expected outcomes:
- Determine the extent to which the mass limitations impede the ability to transport large format batteries.
- Determine how other factors enhance the overall safety of a large format battery.
- Recommend appropriate mass limits for lithium batteries.

Battery Forensic Analysis - New Lithium Battery; Failed Lithium Battery

- Goal: Develop a standardized method for conducting a forensic analysis on a failed lithium battery.
- Expected outcomes:
 - Component traceability
 - UN test reports and packaging
 - Events prior to incident
 - Damage pattern
 - Failure Mode & Effect Analysis
 - X-ray



Develop standard criteria & safety provisions specific to prototype large format batteries

- Goal: Evaluate design type testing and transport practices for prototype large format lithium batteries.
- Expected outcomes:
- Examine existing CA approvals specific to prototypes.
- Identify specific provisions or alternative testing schemes that achieve an equivalent level of safety.
- Outline minimum standard criteria and provisions for transportation of large prototype batteries.

Examine alternate packing methods, configurations, conditions to prevent thermal runaway and mitigate fires

- Goal: Evaluate the ability of fire suppression agents capable of suppressing open flames and halt thermal runaway within a shipment.
- Expected outcomes:
- Address quantity limits to be considered when large quantities of lithium batteries are transported.
- Evaluate risks associated with large quantities of closely packed lithium batteries such as palletized loads.
- Recommend alternative methods on mitigating risks with large quantity shipments.

Identify the need for fire forensics & casualty expertise and show a case study example

- Goal: Evaluate the root cause of battery failures and fires if needed.
- Expected outcomes:
- Provide fire safety and root cause analysis of battery failures and fires.
 - Provide fire forensic activity and analysis.



Future R & D Initiatives on Large Batteries

- Lithium Metal & Ion Cells and Batteries
- UN Manual of Tests and Criteria
- Safety Controls
- Packaging
- Hazard Communication
- Lithium cells and batteries packed with equipment
- Lithium cells and batteries contained in equipment
- Large batteries

Future R & D Initiatives on Large Batteries

- Study the effectiveness of different packaging materials at minimizing propagation
- Investigate the use of hydrofluorinated, low dielectric constant and low boiling point fluids as a suppressant for bulk transport of battery packs
- Investigate failure and forensic analysis of batteries

